## **Green Infrastructure Financing**

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# **Green Infrastructure Financing**

What we will cover:

- Why financing important
- Characteristics of effective financing strategies
- Components of effective financing strategies
- Examples of effective financing strategies
- Resources for getting started



# **Green Infrastructure Financing**

### Coming to "terms"

- Funding: financial resources
- Financing: managing fiscal resources



#### **Goal: increase return on investment**



# **Financing Truth**



There is not, has never been, and never will be enough grants - public or private - to fund natural resources protection and restoration, including green infrastructure



# Why does financing matter?

- Provides backbone for implementation plan
- Lends credibility with funders
- Resonates with decision-makers
- Your plan cannot become a reality with out it!





# **Successful Financing Strategies**

- Community-based
  - Local drivers and priorities
  - Local champions
- Integrated
  - A mix of financing mechanisms
  - A mix of funding sources
- Mirror the resource



- Different stakeholders contribute in different ways
- Mix of approaches based on the landscape



# **Sustainable Financing Strategies**

#### Tend to interweave several elements

- Cost reduction strategies
- Revenue generators
- Market-based programs





# **Cost Reduction Strategies**

### Planning

- Strategic planning
- Community visioning
- Comprehensive planning



# **Cost Reduction Strategies**

- Effective, enforced rules and regulations:
  - Zoning
  - Subdivision ordinances
  - Forest conservation laws
  - Buffer set-back requirements





# **Cost Reduction Strategies**

**Coordination with other community priorities and programs** 

- Reduces costs through efficiencies
- Creates alliances
- Increases political will



## **Revenue Generators**



#### Grant and loan programs

- Federal
- State
- Foundations



## **Revenue Generators**

#### Sustainable, dedicated funding



### Tax and fee-based sources

- Real Estate and Sales taxes
- Tax Increment Financing
- Impact fees
- Stormwater utilities
- Impervious surface fees



# Market-based Programs

#### **Regulatory Markets**

- Clean Air Act, Clean Water Act, Endangered Species Act
- Planning and zoning ordinances

#### **Voluntary Markets**

- Incentive programs
- Tourism-based programs
- Private sector greening
- Other voluntary programs







- Kansas City Metropolitan Area
- Intense development pressure
- Major concerns with flood mitigation and stormwater management



#### **Sustainable Financing Strategy**

- Planning and regulation
- Existing public programs
- Sales tax
- Stormwater utility
- Clean Water State Revolving Fund
- New development charge





### **Planning and Regulation**



- Land protection policies in 20 year comprehensive plan
- •Green infrastructure approach to capital and redevelopment projects
- Stream set-back ordinance



#### **Existing Public Programs**

- Federal and state grants including USEPA nonpoint source funding
- Surface Transportation Project funding provided capital for demonstration projects which tied transportation to parks.
- The Johnson County Stormwater Management Advisory Council 1/10<sup>th</sup> cent sales tax and proceeds from basic permitting fees charged to developers

#### Sales Tax

- 2000 Voter-approved 1/8<sup>th</sup> cent sales tax
- Supported upgrades and repairs to existing infrastructure problems – capital costs
- Generated \$7.2 million
  between 2000-2005
- Voters approved extension through 2010 projected to raise an additional \$8.1 million



#### **New Development Charge**



- Systems Development Charge
  in 2004
- Developers pay a one-time fee when applying for a permit as a means of recovering the costs of capital improvements
- Growth pays for growth

#### **Stormwater Utility**

- A monthly \$5.50 fee approximately \$66 annually for residential properties
- Commercial and non-residential properties is based on the amount of stormwater runoff generated by the parcel.
- Collected by the County via annual property tax
- Covers long-term system upkeep



## Sustainable Financing Example: Lenexa, Kansas Clean Water State Revolving Fund

- Green project reserve funds
- \$1 million low-interest loan
- Invested in "Central Green Streamway"
- Drains 65 acres of new mixed-use development through seven step pools
- Wetlands and trails connect to existing networks and enhance recreational activities





#### **Current Status**

- Sales tax has sunset
- Utility and new development charges provide sufficient income for operations and maintenance
- Focus shifts to outreach and education to engage private property

# Sustainable Financing Example: Lancaster, Pennsylvania

### Location:

- Lancaster County
- South Central Pennsylvania
- 7 square miles

### **Demographics:**

- Population: 60,000
- Most of the population lives in area of 4 square miles





#### **Sustainable Financing Strategy**

- Planning and regulation
- Existing public programs
- State revolving fund loan
- Stormwater authority (pending)



#### **Stormwater Management**

- Old system combined rainwater and sewer water
- Heavy storms volumes would overtax the treatment facility
- Raw sewage dumps to the Conestoga River



Photo courtesy of US EPA



#### **Stormwater Management**

- A gray infrastructure solution would cost about \$300 million in capital costs
- Would also cost \$1 per 1000 gallons for treatment of delayed flow- a total of close to \$750,000 annually
- Use green infrastructure to divert 750 million gallons of rainwater from the system annually



#### **Green Roofs**

- 77,000 square feet of vegetation
- Capture and retain 50-70%
- Slow 90% of rainfall

#### **Park Improvements**

- Basketball court replacement project
- Tweaked plans to reroute runoff
- Gravel bed under court, porous court surface
- Addresses run off for \$0.16 per gallon, gray alternative would have cost \$0.30 per gallon







#### **Rain Barrels**

- Available to property owners at subsidized rates
- City partnering with LIVE Green
- Ones installed at City collect enough to water entire city garden



#### **Tree Canopy**

- Currently 25%, Goal: 40%
- Planting 6000 trees every 3 years
- Tree sale program private property owners select from 20 different native species at wholesale price
- Benefits include increase in property value, rental rates, retail sales

#### **Sustainable Financing Strategy**

- Green infrastructure approach would initially cost about \$140 million
- Use existing city improvement projects as opportunities to incorporate green infrastructure
- Stormwater ordinance requires no net increase in runoff looking to require 20% increase in on-site treatment
- Grant programs where appropriate/available
- \$7 million from the Pennsylvania Infrastructure Investment Authority (PENNVEST)
- Working to put utility in place proposed \$10 quarterly

## **Green Infrastructure Resources**

### Information and tools

#### **EFCs and Partners**

- Green Infrastructure Resource Directory <u>efc.umd.edu/greeninfrastructure.html</u>
- Roadmap to Green Infrastructure in the Federal Agencies <u>narc.org/issueareas/environment/areas-of-interest/green-infrastructure-and-landcare/roadmap/</u>



# **Green Infrastructure Resources**

### Information and tools

EPA

- Green Infrastructure <u>www.epa.gov/greeninfrastructure</u>
- Healthy Watersheds <u>www.epa.gov/healthywatersheds</u>
- Water Quality Scorecard <u>www.epa.gov/smartgrowth/water\_score\_card.htm</u>



## **Green Infrastructure Resources**

### Information and tools

- CNT's Green Toolbox greenvalues.cnt.org/
- American Rivers
  <u>www.americanrivers.org</u>
- NRDC

www.nrdc.org and www.switchboard.nrdc.org

 The Conservation Fund <u>www.greeninfrastructure.net</u>

 Trust for Public Land <u>www.tpl.org</u> also <u>www.landvote.org</u>



## **For Further Information**

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